

## Effect of Different Management System on Haemato-biochemical profile in Quail

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### Abstract

A very little information is available in literature on management of Japanese quail (*Coturnix Coturnix Japonica*) in different housing system (cage system and deep litter system) of management. The average weekly body weight gain was significantly higher in deep litter system ( $34\pm 0.43\text{gm}$ ) than cage ( $12.71\pm 0.41\text{gm}$ ) system at the 3<sup>rd</sup> week of age. The average daily feed consumption by individual quails was higher in cage ( $12.71\pm 2.10$ ) than deep litter system ( $11.84\pm 1.47$ ) during 0-6 weeks of age. The haematobiochemical profile viz Hb (gm%), TEC ( $10^6/\mu\text{l}$ ), PCV(%), TLC ( $10^3/\mu\text{l}$ ) along with biochemical studies as blood sugar (mg/dl), total serum protein (gm/dl), serum calcium (mg/100ml) and serum phosphorus (mg/dl) were well within the normal health of quail under both cage and deep litter system of management.

**Keywords:** Management System, Quail, Hemato-biochemical profile, Cage system, Deep Litter system.